Application No.: 10/531,129

Office Action Dated: June 24, 2009

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A method for abatement of insoluble volatile organic

compounds (VOC) in an exhaust gas stream that comprises:

providing an influent a spray of water droplets or water film;

partially oxidizing insoluble organic compounds by passing an exhaust gas stream

through [[a]] pulsed corona discharges ehambers in the presence of the influent-spray of water

droplets or water film to form one or more partial-oxidation products that dissolve are soluble

in the water spray droplets or film thereby creating an effluent water stream and an effluent

gas stream, wherein

(a) said pulsed corona discharges are pulsed at a rate of about 0.01 to about 2 kHz,

(b) the ratio of the water spray rate or water film rate to the exhaust gas flow is about

0.2 to about 2 milliliters/minute at one standard liter per minute of exhaust gas flow, and

(c) an <u>electrical energy</u> expenditure of not more than 50 eV per molecule of VOC is

utilized.

2. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein said exhaust gas

stream is passed through [[a]] said pulsed corona discharges chamber in the presence of a

spray of water droplets.

3. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein said pulsed corona

discharges are pulsed at a rate of about 0.1 to about 1 kHz.

4. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said exhaust gas stream contains

about 60 to about 6000 ppm VOC.

5. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said exhaust gas stream is that

produced from a process selected from the group consisting of papermaking, metal cleaning or

plating, paint manufacturing, plastics manufacture, petroleum refining and dye-making.

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6. (Currently amended) A method for abatement of volatile organic compounds (VOC) in an exhaust gas stream that comprises passing an exhaust gas stream produced from a process selected from the group consisting of papermaking, metal cleaning or plating, paint manufacturing, plastics manufacture, petroleum refining, cooking and dye-making and contains about 60 to about 6000 ppm VOC through a pulsed corona discharge chamber in the presence of a spray of water droplets to form one or more oxidation products that dissolve in the water spray droplets and provide an effluent water stream and an effluent gas stream, wherein

- (a) said pulsed corona discharges at a rate of about 0.1 to about 1 kHz,
- (b) the ratio of the water spray rate or water film rate to the exhaust gas flow is about 0.2 to about 2 milliliters/minute at one standard liter per minute of exhaust gas flow, and
- (c) an <u>electrical energy</u> expenditure of not more than 50 eV per molecule of VOC is utilized.
- 7. (Original) The method according to claim 6 wherein said method is carried out at an exhaust stream temperature of about 40° C. to about 65° C.
- 8. (Original) The method according to claim 6 wherein said exhaust stream contains about 200 to about 4200 ppm VOC.
- 9. (Original) The method according to claim 6 wherein said exhaust stream is produced from a papermaking process.
- 10. (Currently amended) A method for abatement of volatile organic compounds (VOC) in an exhaust gas stream that comprises passing an exhaust gas stream at a temperature of about 40° C. to about 65° C. produced from a papermaking process that contains about 200 to about 4200 ppm VOC through a pulsed corona discharge chamber in the presence of a spray of water droplets to form one or more oxidation products that dissolve in the water spray droplets and provide an effluent water stream and an effluent gas stream, wherein
 - (a) said pulsed corona discharges at a rate of about 0.1 to about 1 kHz,

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(b) the ratio of the water spray rate or water film rate to the exhaust gas flow is about

0.2 to about 2 milliliters/minute at one standard liter per minute of exhaust gas flow, and

(c) an electrical energy expenditure of not more than 50 eV per molecule of VOC is

utilized.

11. (Original) The method according to claim 10 wherein said exhaust stream contains

about 300 to about 3000 ppm VOC.

12. (Original) The method according to claim 10 wherein said removal efficiency is

about 99 percent or more.

13. (Original) The method according to claim 10 wherein said papermaking process is

brownstock or oriented strandboard production.

14. (Original) The method according to claim 10 including the further step of admixing

the effluent water stream containing oxidized VOC with another waste water stream.

15. (Original) The method according to claim 10 wherein the water of said water spray is

provided from waste water of said papermaking process.